Dear Charles,

Further to our recent exchanges about COP-26, I hope these points may help you and your colleagues obtain an outcome at COP26 consistent with UNFCCC compliance.

1. Accelerating rates of global temperature rise have been up to 50% faster than those projected onto AR5 preparations by the UKMO. NB The <u>UKMO have only now publicly admitted that their prominent</u> even dominant input to IPCC AR5 suggests that the Paris Agreement too was based on inadequate and inaccurate data. This sadly is just one example of how trends are worse than earlier assumptions anticipated.

2. Awareness of the urgency of the climate crisis is growing, as evidenced in the statements appended below. The question is, how will these be translated into a sufficient action-determining metric?

3. <u>The growing cost of climate damages subtracted from growth per se</u>, clearly accelerates with future delay in the contraction of global carbon emissions.

4. GCl introduced C&C at COP-2 in 1996. We were invited to Washington, Beijing and Delhi to discuss it further. <u>The US, China, India and the Africa Group agreed C&C in principle at COP-3 in December 1997</u>.

5. After 25 years of losing time, success at COP-26 still primarily depends on a globally common treaty led by agreement between the USA and China.

6. Bringing C&C to bear at rates commensurate with net zero globally by 2040 or sooner will achieve UNFCCC-Compliance and integration of this with <u>the Rajan Carbon Tax proposal may well help this</u>.

7. Without such a global treaty, gains will continue to be less than losses resulting from the continued use of a random growth model, with net calculations of what they jointly and severally may or may not mean. An integrated model of organic (not exponential) growth is needed now.

8. Ahead of everything, the UK's role as COP-26 chair should be the honest broker of that deal and primarily use all reason and persuasion to that end.

9. To be 'legally enforceable' such a global treaty needs to be constitutionally pre-distributed and referenced to the global per capita average of declining carbon consumption which leads inevitably to the *"elegance and simple logic of C&C, widely accepted by policy-makers"* (Sir John Houghton) as embodied in the UK Climate Change Act of 2008. C&C provides a flexible and equitable model for UNFCCC-Compliance. Given that the 2008 Act has been in place for 12 years, it could provide a useful tool for translating an international treaty into national laws. The attendant experience of the UK implementing this Act must be of significance to the UK's role as COP26 chair.

10. C&C has now just been endorsed by the Global Climate and Health Alliance (see reference below), an organisation of 60 health bodies which has an input into the World Health Organisation.

11. C&C has acquired a huge legacy of international support that continues to grow as a function of integrating urgency, precaution and equity (many references below).

12. If there is anything GCI can do to help you and your colleagues resolve this now increasingly dangerous peril, we're glad to stay in touch and happy to do that, especially anticipating John Kerry's climate summit proposed for the 22nd April.

With kind regards Aubrey Meyer GCI

Antonio Guterres UN Secretary General: -

"Time is running out to Act on climate change."

Patricia Espinoza UNFCC Executive Secretary recently declared: -

"The promises are simply not good enough; many nations are sticking to their business-as-usual approach. Governments must go back & look very, carefully at what they are able to offer. It's incredible to think just when nations are facing an emergency that could eventually end human life on this planet, we are wandering into a minefield blindfolded, where the next step could mean disaster."

Christiana Figueres

"Unless we get minus 50% GHG emissions globally by 2030, we're into a domino effect of ecosystem failures we'll be unable to control."

Sir David Attenborough recently told the UN Security Council: -

"We are today perilously close to tipping points that, once passed, will send global temperature spiralling catastrophically higher. If we continue on our current path, we will face the collapse of everything."

Other disturbing statements reflect this: for example while encouraging pension funds to go green, Adair Turner now gives a 70% likelihood that, "we are going to fail & hand on to our children & grandchildren a really nasty environment".

On the brighter side, Jeni Miller, Executive Director of the <u>Global Climate and Health Alliance</u> has written to say, "The Board of the Global Climate & Health Alliance has approved signing onto the <u>Demands of the UKCHA</u> (zero globally by 2040 based on C&C) so please add GCHA to the sign on."

Further support for C&C

- UNFCCC-Compliance "inevitably requires" C&C <u>UNFCCC-Executive 2003</u>
- "C&C the only practical & convincing way forward." <u>GLOBE International</u>
- Vast support for the C&C principle remains unrivalled
- 12 UN Bodies have addressed/supported the C&C Principle
- Support from eminent & high-ranking persons (Asia Development Bank)
- <u>Support from population-focused organizations</u> (including David Attenborough)
- Extensive expert support
- Support from many Blue Planet Award winners
- All UK political parties have strongly endorsed C&C
- C&C supporting Early Day Motions in the UK Parliament
- C&C becomes the UK Climate Act in 2008
- Huge C&C support unrivalled to this day
- The C&C principle remains unchallenged
- Support for the C&C Principle accompanying submission to UNFCCC 2012
- The first twenty years

Integration - beneath all complexity lies a deep simplicity - is the well-tempered foundation of C&C